



## **Activity Book**



Name:



# The Solar System

Our solar system is made up planets, stars, dwarf planets, moons, asteroids, comets and meteoroids. The Earth, sun and our moon are all part of the solar system. Read the following information, and then answer the questions on Page 3.

Object	Picture	Description
Earth		Earth is the planet that we live on, and the third planet from the sun. It is 150 million kms away from the Sun. It is the fifth largest planet in the solar system, and the only planet that contains liquid water.
Sun		The sun is the largest star in our solar system and is a sphere of gasses that give off incredible heat and light. The sun's gravity makes the planets in our solar system orbit around it, and the light and heat from it allow us to survive.
Moon		The moon is a natural satellite (object that orbits around something). It controls the tides, and reflects the light from the sun. It is the brightest object in the night sky due to its proximity to Earth, and is covered with pits called craters. Our moon orbits around Earth, as Earth orbits around the Sun.

#### What are Physical Characteristics

Physical characteristics are features that we can observe, allowing us to differentiate between objects. The Earth, the Sun, and the Moon share some characteristics, but also have many unique features that set them apart.

Some examples of physical characteristics include size, mass, density, temperature, gravity and more. When identifying and comparing these characteristics, we can understand similarities and differences between these three important objects in our solar system. The table on Page 2 shows these different characteristics.



# Characteristics of the Earth, sun and moon

Object	Earth	Sun	Moon
Diameter	12.755 kms	1.4 million kms	3474.8 kms
Atmosphere	Nitrogen, oxygen, argon and a small amount of other gasses	Hydrogen, helium, and other elements	Sodium and potassium
Average temp	13.8 degrees Celsius	Approx. 5600 degrees Celsius	-183 degrees Celsius at night, 106 degrees Celsius during the day
Composition	Rocks and metals (iron and nickel)	Hot gasses (hydrogen and helium) and plasma	lgneous rock
Landforms	Volcanoes, mountains, oceans, forests, deserts, ice caps and glaciers.	Hot, glowing ball of gas with no solid surface.	Mountains, craters and flat areas

## Earth, Sun & Moon

1. Which two objects are made from rock?

- a. Earth and Sun
- b. Sun and Moon
- c. Moon and Earth

2. The Earth, Sun and Moon all have an atmosphere

True/False

3. Which lists the objects in size order from largest to smallest?

a. Moon, Sun, Earth b. Earth, Sun, Moon c. Sun, Moon, Earth d. Sun, Earth, Moon

4. The Sun has a solid surface

True/False

5. What physical characteristics do the Earth and moon have in common?

6. Which two objects are uninhabitable because of their temperature?

- a. Earth and Sun
- b. Sun and Moon
- c. Moon and Earth

7. Which of the following is a physical feature of the Earth, but not the moon?

- a. Made of rock
- b. Has liquid water
- c. Craters

8. How is the sun different from the Earth?

9. The Earth is smaller than the Moon

True/False

10. Circle the statement that is true for the Earth, Sun and Moon?

a. The surface is solid

b. The composition is gas, liquid and solid

c. The shape is spherical

d. The atmosphere contains gasses that allow humans to breathe.

11. The Moon is 12,755kms in diameter

True/False

12. The Sun's temperature is approximately 5,600 degrees Celsius

True/False

13. List the seven landforms found on Earth

- •
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- -----
- \_\_\_\_\_

3

d. Solid

## The Solar System

## Find-A-Word

Use the list below to find the words.

S	U	N	w	с	R	Α	т	E	R	s	Ν
ο	z	С	Е	м	I	L	к	Y	w	Α	Y
L	х	ο	в	Т	Ρ	L	Α	Ν	Е	т	В
Α	U	м	Е	т	Е	ο	R	ο	Т	D	S
R	м	Е	F	Α	Y	D	D	s	м	v	т
S	Α	т	Е	L	L	Т	т	Е	ο	R	Α
Y	в	S	R	Y	к	L	ο	w	ο	G	R
S	Α	S	т	Е	R	ο	I	D	N	w	Y
т	в	Α	т	м	ο	s	Ρ	н	Е	R	E
Е	S	т	G	R	Α	v	I	т	Y	Ν	z
м	G	Α	L	Α	х	Y	Α	Е	D	I	0
Т	G	N	Е	0	U	S	R	ο	с	к	L

- solar system
- satellite
- star
- gravity
- igneous rock

- comets
- meteoroids
- sun
- atmosphere
- galaxy

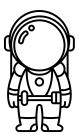


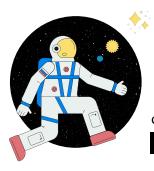
- planet
- moon
- asteroid
- craters
- Milky Way

**Descriptive Writing** 

## An Astronaut For a Day

Imagine you could become an astronaut for a day. What would you do? What would your day be like? Draw yourself in outer space and describe a day in your life as an astronaut.





# EXPLORING SPACE BINGO CHALLENGE

Complete the boxes with information about space exploration.

#### The first person to fill five in the same row wins!

A person who goes into space	The closest planet to the sun	The biggest star in the Solar System	What astronauts wear to go out of the shuttle	The space shuttle takes off like a
The space shuttle lands like an	The last planet of the Solar System	What astronauts use to move things outside the shuttle	The smallest planet in the Solar System	The third planet (our home)
What astronauts do when there's no gravity	An activity that astronauts do in space	The hottest planet in the Solar System	What astronauts use to tie sleeping bags to walls	What astronauts do to keep clean
The planet that has bright rings	What astronauts do to stay strong	What astronauts eat	The coldest planet	An activity that astronauts do in space
What astronauts use to go into space	What astronauts use to fly the space shuttle	What astronauts use to sleep	An object that astronauts use to see things far away	The number of moons that Earth has



ATORSNTUA	
PTENLAS	
SCPEA STLTHUE	
STRAS	
MNOOS	
SNU	
SEPCA STUI	
CMOTSE	
RKCTEO	
FLATO	
GTIRAYV	
OBITR	



×	Y	×	a	ι	a	g	i	С	n	ι	m	z
m	r	S	ι	m	S	m	b	z	0	u	×	0
z	0	t	t	u	t	0	i	j	i	f	р	b
С	y	t	е	a	е	0	V	t	t	l	t	е
b	a	r	a	m	r	n	0	z	a	ι	u	S
m	w	0	f	b	0	S	n	n	l	У	a	r
b	y	е	i	r	i	С	е	u	l	t	n	е
×	k	t	w	l	d	t	b	S	е	d	0	V
k	ι	е	i	d	S	S	u	ι	t	b	r	i
z	i	m	р	V	j	р	ι	q	S	У	t	n
S	m	0	0	t	a	i	a	0	n	f	S	u
n	i	i	У	r	t	r	r	k	0	a	a	У
р	z	i	w	е	ι	У	g	L	С	С	×	k

asteroids	galaxy	moons	satellite
astronaut	gravity	nebula	stars
comet	meteor	orbit	sun
constellation	milkyway	planets	universe

# The Atmosphere

Read the sentences and fill in the gaps with words from the box.



	ttest ghest	gases five			thermosphe mesosphere		
1	The at	mosphe	ere is the lay	er of	tha	t surround	ls the Earth.
2	The at	mosphe	ere is compo	sed of	, 01	xygen and	d other gases.
3	The at	mosphe	ere contains	the	we r	need to br	eathe.
4	Plants	use		_ from the	air for photosy	nthesis.	
5	Earth'	s atmosj	ohere has _		main laye	rs.	
6	The tr	oposphe	ere is the		layer from <sup>.</sup>	the Earth.	
7	The tr	oposphe	ere is where	the	occu	urs.	
8	The O	zone lay	yer in the str	atosphere,	filters	I	radiation.
9	The to	p of the	mesosphere	is the	pla	ce in the I	Earth system.
10	Meteo	rs and s	pace junk b	urn up in tł	าе		
1	Ultrav	iolet rac	liation make	s the therm	osphere the _		layer.
12	Auroro	a and so	atellites are f	ound in the	9		
13	The e	kospher	e is the		_ layer of the c	atmospher	e.

# CREATIVE WRITING PROMPT

The feeling of weightlessness was strange. I wondered if I would get used to it. As I bounced around the cabin of the spacecraft I caught a glimpse of the blackness outside. I grabbed at the handles around me to get closer to the window. I could see the blues and greens of my home planet and it made me miss it. A crackle came over the audio system so I moved to answer it...



<u>Task:</u> Using the passage above as a prompt, write a short story. Remember to use a variety of nouns, adjectives, verbs and adverbs to make your story more interesting for readers!



The solar system consists of the Sun and eight planets. At the center of the solar system is the Sun, which is a star that provides energy and light to all the planets. The eight planets in order from the Sun are Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune.

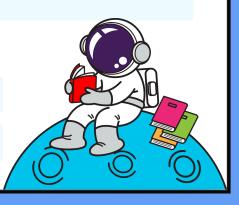
Mercury, Venus, Earth, and Mars are rocky and smaller in size compared to the other four planets which are gas giants. Jupiter is the largest planet in the solar system and has the most moons. Saturn is known for its beautiful rings. Uranus and Neptune are both considered ice giants and have a blueish color due to the methane gas in their atmospheres.

Earth is the only planet in the solar system known to have life. Water, a protective atmosphere and a stable climate make it a hospitable home for plants and animals.

What is at the center of the solar system?

What makes Earth able to sustain life?

Make up your own acronym to remember the order of the planets:



## Page 1

## PLANETS OF OUR SOLAR SYSTEM

Sort & Review

Activity Instructions:

- 1. Cut out the boxes on page 1
- 2. Stick them underneath the correct heading in the table on page 2
- 3. Use page 3 to check your answers

	Examples: Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars.	Located furthest from the sun.		
Examples: Uranus and Neptune.	Examples: Jupiter and Saturn.			
These planets are made of gas, primarily hydrogen and/or helium.	Located closest to the sun.	These planets are made from compounds which form ices when cold.		
These planets are mostly made of rock.		The largest planets in the solar system.		

### PLANETS OF OUR SOLAR SYSTEM

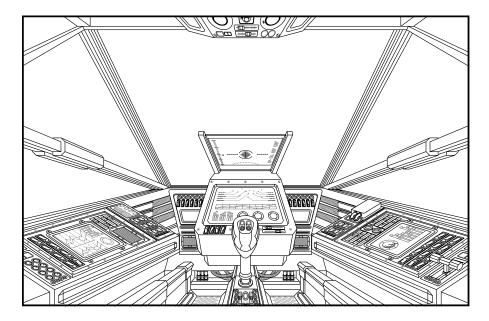
Activity Instructions:

Page 2

- 1. Cut out the boxes on page 1
- 2. Stick them underneath the correct heading in the table on page 2
- 3. Use page 3 to check your answers

# Terrestrial Gas giants Ice giants

Sort & Review



## Write down your space facts research:

